

# Math Test 1 Review

$$y = \sin^{-1} x$$

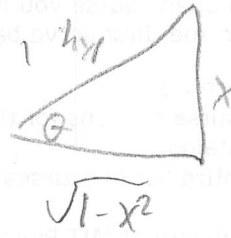
~~1/5/17~~

$$\sin y = x$$

$$\cos y \cdot y' = 1$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\cos y}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos(\sin^{-1} x)}$$



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \quad \odot \quad \text{''}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (a^x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^{x+h} - a^x}{h}$$

$$a^x \frac{a^h - 1}{h}$$

$e^x$

$a^x e^x$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x+h} - \frac{1}{x}}{h} = \left(\frac{1}{h}\right) \frac{1}{x+h}$$

$$\frac{x - (x+h)}{h}$$

$$\frac{x - (x+h)}{h} = \frac{x - x - h}{h} = \frac{-h}{h} = -1$$

get same denom

know strategies

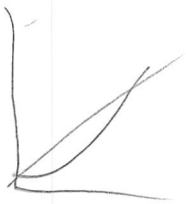
$$\frac{x - (x+h)}{x(x+h)} \cdot \frac{1}{h} \rightarrow \text{cancel}$$

$$\frac{-1}{x(x+h)}$$

$$h \rightarrow 0 \quad \frac{-1}{x(x+0)} = \frac{-1}{x^2}$$

pt - slope form

deriv at



$$\log_a b = x$$

$$a^x = b$$

$$\ln(a^b) = b \ln(a)$$

$x^n$ 

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x_0 + h)^n - (x_0)^n}{h}$$

proof ~~memorize~~

$$\frac{(x_0 + h)(x_0 + h) \dots (x_0 + h) - x_0^n}{h}$$

↓ pascal triangle

Just write through

$$x_0^n + n x_0^{n-1} h + \binom{n}{2} x_0^{n-2} h^2 + \dots + h^n$$

$$n x_0^{n-1} h + \binom{n}{2} x_0^{n-2} h^2 + \dots + h^n$$

$$n x_0^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-(x+h)}$$

$$- \frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1-x-h} - \frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$\frac{(1-x) - (1-x-h)}{(1-x)(1-x-h)}$$

$$\frac{h}{(1-x)(1-x-h)}$$

close -1 accident otherwise I

$$\frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)(1-x-h)}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \frac{\sin(x+h) - \sin x}{h}$$

$$\frac{\sin x \cos h + \cos x \sin h - \sin x}{h}$$

$$\frac{\sin x (\cos h + 1) + \cos x \sin h}{h}$$

$$\frac{\sin x (\cos h + 1)}{h}$$

$$\frac{\cos x \sin h}{h}$$

$$\sin \frac{\cos h + 1}{h}$$

$$\cos \frac{\sin h}{h}$$

Sketch + see

- Squeeze theorem

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$$

proof

$f(x)g(x)$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)g(x+h) - f(x)g(x)}{h}$$

Clever algebra

$$f(x+h)g(x+h) - f(x)g(x+h) + f(x)g(x+h) - f(x)g(x)$$

factor

$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0}$

$$g(x+h) \left( \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \right) + f(x) \left[ \frac{g(x+h) - g(x)}{h} \right]$$

$g(x) f'$

$f(x) g'$

shoelace

long pants

-cloth

-soft

colored shirts

-plain